Important! There are three ways for values to get into **parameters**:

- 1. positional argument
- 2. keyword/named argument
- 3. default argument

For these puzzles, the best way to practice is to write down what you think, then actually run the code in Python (in PythonTutor!) to check your mental model. Try thinking of your own examples to try too (this is active learning).

```
def add(x, y):
    print(x) # for debugging
    print(y) # for debugging
    return x+y
```

# What will be in the parameters for each call? [some crash; mark them]

```
crashed? ____ OR x=_____, y=_____
1. add(3)
2. add(3, 4)
                          crashed? ____ OR x=_____, y=_____
                          crashed? ____ OR x=_____, y=_____
3. add(4, 3)
                          crashed? ____ OR x=_____, y=_____
4. add(3, 4, 5)
5. add(6, y=7)
                          crashed? ____ OR x=____, y=____
                          crashed? ___ OR x=____, y=____
6. add(7, x=6)
7. add(7, 8, x=9)
                          crashed? ____ OR x=_____, y=_____
                          crashed? ____ OR x=_____, y=_____
8. add(x=10, y=11)
                          crashed? ____ OR x=_____, y=_____
9. add(y=10, x=11)
def say(word, t=1, end=""):
   # add prints here to debug
   print(word * t + end)
                         crashed? ___ OR word=____, t=___, end=____
10. say()
                         crashed? __ OR word=____, t=___, end=____
11. say("ha")
                         crashed? __ OR word=____, t=___, end=____
12. say("ha", t=2)
13. say("ha", end="!") crashed? __ OR word=____, t=___, end=____
14. say(t=2, word="yo") crashed? __ OR word=____, t=___, end=____
15. say("W", 3, "eb") crashed? __ OR word=____, t=___, end=____
                         crashed? __ OR word=____, t=___, end=____
16. say(t=3)
17. say("W", end=".", 3) crashed? __ OR word=____, t=___, end=____
18. say("huh", 1, "?", "!") crashed? __ OR word=__, t=___, end=
```

## 19. What letters are printed, and in what order?

```
print("A")

def foo():
    print("B")
print("C")
foo()
print("D")
foo()
```

# 20. Repeat question 19, but imagine a tab before print("C")

### 21. What is printed, and in what order?

```
def func_c():
    print("C")

def func_b():
    print("B1")
    func_c()
    print("B2")

def func_a():
    print("A1")
    func_b()
    print("A2")
```

#### 22. What is printed, and in what order?

```
def f():
    print("A")
    return("B")
    print("C")
print("D")
x = f()
print("E")
print(x)
```